

PERENNIAL RYE MIX



Water needs:
medium to high



Fast
establishment



Tolerance to
trampling



Fine
blade texture



Stolons

MIXTURE LIGHT RYE

- Single specie mix based on latest generation *Lolium perenne* varieties characterized by their light colour, lateral growth, high density and persistence.
- A formula made up of very fast establishing varieties with very fine blades.
- Excellent tolerance to trampling and uprooting.
- Excellent planting vigour.
- Maximum recovery capacity.
- Blends in with *Poa annua* to hide contamination of the area.
- Allows low cutting height, down to 10 mm.

The Light Rye formula provides high tolerance to trampling, excellent resistance to pathogens, especially Pythium, Red Thread, Gray leaf spot, Dollar spot and Fusarium.

Mixture containing varieties with outstanding growth in cold conditions in winter.

Mix of *Lolium perenne* and latest generation varieties with excellent proven results in STRI tests in the UK.



Excellent for both sports and ornamental use. Its excellent resistance to trampling makes it ideal for sports surfaces such as fairways, tees and football pitches where both the trampling and ornamental aspects are important.

Its light colour helps mask the negative aspect of *Poa annua* in many of our football pitches and golf courses.

It establishes itself very quickly, rapidly covering the ground after reseeding. Its plant density is impressive as is the fineness of its blades.

CHARACTERISTICS

AREAS OF USE

Highly trampled areas. Pitches and fields for sports, football, rugby, polo, horse riding, tennis. Tees, fairways, roughs. Overseeding. Production of sods. Public and private landscaping. High-quality interseeding and overseeding.

COMPOSITION

VARIETY	% in weight	% in number of seeds
<i>Lolium perenne</i> ZURICH	50 %	52 %
<i>Lolium perenne</i> GREENSPREAD	50 %	48 %

IMPLANTATION AND MANAGEMENT

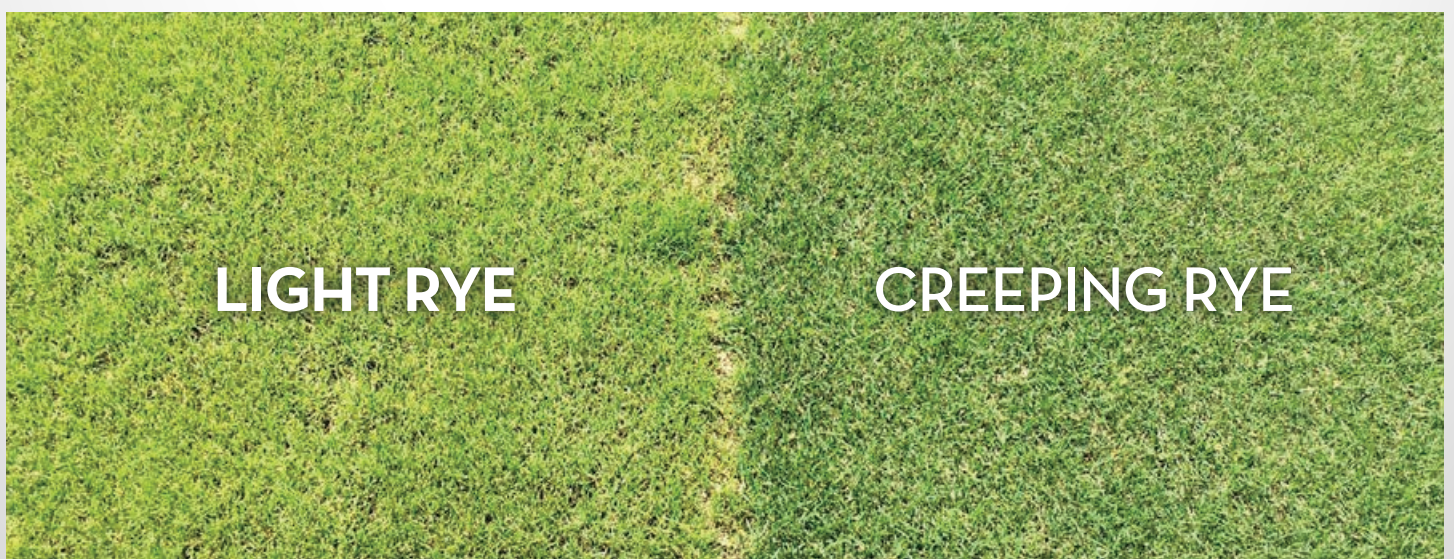
For perennial turf it should be mowed to between 10 and 50 mm. As a general rule, add 25 to 40 units of Nitrogen per month of active growth. It prefers a 4-1-3 balance. In perennial turf conditions in hot areas avoid nitrogen fertilization during the summer months. Use fungicides only if the disease appears. No verticut or core cultivation are necessary. Spaced out abundant irrigation, except during installation, in which case it should be continuous and light.

Variety	General appearance	Winter colour	Summer colour	Density	Blade fineness	Resistance to Red Thread
GREENSPREAD	7.2	5.9	5.5	6.8	6.0	7.6
ZURICH	6.5	5.9	5.5	6.3	5.5	5.3
POLLEN	6.3	6.0	6.2	6.8	6.0	7.6
FLAMENCO	6.2	5.9	5.9	6.3	6.4	5.4
PLATINUM	6.1	7.2	6.4	5.3	4.7	6.6
MISTRAL	6.0	8.2	8.0	5.5	5.5	6.7
SIGNET	5.9	6.4	6.0	6.1	5.9	7.3
STRAVINSKY	5.9	8.4	8.1	5.6	4.8	6.6
ESQUIRE	5.7	6.9	7.0	5.3	4.9	6.1
NERUDA 1	5.5	8.6	8.0	5.1	5.0	6.7

Data extracted from the STRI 2024 and NTEP 2016-2018 tests on varieties of *Lolium perenne*.

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Sowing dose g/m ²	35
Reseeding dose g/m ²	40
No. of seeds/g	530
Days to germination	3-8
Ideal sowing time	Spring-Autumn
Colour	Light
Establishment	Very fast
Growth	High
Blade texture	Very fine
Maintenance	Medium-high
Nutritional needs	High
Tolerance in the shade	Low
Loss of winter colour	No
Resistance to pathogens	High
Resistance to trampling	Excellent
Heat tolerance	High
Cutting height	From 10 mm
Cutting frequency	High
Lateral growth	Stolons
Tolerance to salinity	Medium-high
Water needs	High
Tolerance to drought	Low
Endophytes	Yes



LIGHT RYE

CREEPING RYE